## ROMANIZATION SYSTEM FOR MACEDONIAN CYRILLIC

## BGN/PCGN 1981 Agreement

Macedonian was officially established as a literary language in Yugoslavia during World War II and is now the official language of Macedonia. Its alphabet is identical to Serbian Cyrillic, except that the characters  $\mathfrak h$  and  $\mathfrak h$  are replaced by  $\acute{r}$  and  $\acute{\kappa}$ , respectively, and the character s and the apostrophe are added.

	N	laced	lonia	Romanization	
1.	Α	а	A	а	а
2.	Б	б	Б	б	b
3.	В	В	В	в	V
4.	Γ	Γ	Γ	г	g
5.	Д	Д	Д	д	d
6.	Ĺ	ŕ	Γ́	ŕ	g, đ¹
7.	Е	е	E	e	е
8.	Ж	ж	Ж	ж	ž
9.	3	3	3	3	Z
10.	S	S	S	S	dz
11.	И	И	И	и	i
12.	J	j	J	j	j
13.	К	К	K	К	k
14.	Л	Л	Л	Л	I
15.	Љ	љ	Љ	Љ	lj
16.	М	М	M	М	m

	IV	laced	lonia	Romanization	
17.	Н	Н	Н	Н	n
18.	Њ	њ	Њ	њ	nj
19.	0	0	0	0	0
20.	П	П	П	n	р
21.	Р	р	P	p	r
22.	С	С	C	С	S
23.	Т	Т	T	m	t
24.	K	Ŕ	K	κ́	k, ć²
25.	У	у	У	У	u
26.	Ф	ф	Φ	ф	f
27.	Х	Х	X	X	kh
28.	Ц	ц	Ц	ų	С
29.	Ч	Ч	Ч	ч	č
30.	Ų	Ų	ĻĮ	ų	dž
31.	Ш	Ш	Ш	ш	š
32.	,	,	,	,	,

## **NOTES**

- 1. The character f should be romanized g(G) when it occurs before e and g. In all other instances, it should be romanized g(G).
- 2. The character k should be romanized k when it occurs before e and u. In all other instances, it should be romanized k.

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